



IAGG-GARN  
Global Aging Research Network

# INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF GERONTOLOGY AND GERIATRICS

## Global Aging Research Network (IAGG GARN)

## IAGG GARN NEWSLETTER

n°2014-03 dated February 2014

### Editorial

*The IAGG GARN Network is now ready for take-off after 2 years of construction. In 2014, we will concentrate on expanding the Network to other centers around the world, developing exchanges on the many issues related to aging, disseminating the latest research findings, and promoting education of future actors who dedicate their everyday work to older people. Our actions are realized in cooperation with academics and researchers who bring their expertise and last results on key geriatric issues such as nutrition, sarcopenia, frailty, Alzheimer's disease prevention, nursing home research etc.*

*The IAGG GARN Newsletter will be one of the many instruments used to inform each GARN member of the latest reports, promote the high quality work achieved by researchers around the world and bring together the IAGG GARN members who wish to initiate potential collaborations. Do not hesitate to submit to the IAGG GARN Office information on your center's aims, works and teams, essential for future cooperation in research activities, staff management, paper publication, training devices etc. that can be considered for the benefit of your center.*

*The IAGG GARN website <http://www.garn-network.org> will be another tool used by the Network. It will be updated during 2014 to take into account more types of actions. It will become a proactive instrument to maintain links with projects, surveys, publications, educational material and other events.*

*May the year 2014 bring many opportunities to move collaborative international research onwards.*

*Sincerely yours,*

Heung Bong CHA, PhD  
IAGG President

Bruno VELLAS, MD, PhD  
IAGG Past President

John W. ROWE, MD, PhD  
IAGG President Elect

## Membership

IAGG's Global Aging Research Network (IAGG GARN) is an international network that brings together the best worldwide research centers dedicated to social, biological, behavioural and clinical gerontology. It aims to build collaborative exchanges and programs. To date, IAGG GARN reports a membership of 508 selected centers coming from Europe - 273, Asia/Oceania – 113, North America - 77, South America - 28, Africa - 9, Middle East - 8. Other candidates continue to apply and 30 new files have been submitted and are currently being reviewed.

If you are already a confirmed member of the GARN, do not forget to register all the members of your team via the following link <http://www.garn-network.org/membership.php>. An access code will then be provided to each researcher and he/she will benefit directly from the services provided by the GARN website. We also remind you that to apply for candidacy, a center should fill out an online questionnaire at <http://www.celsius-exhibition.com/iagg/>. The GARN Scientific Committee will make an in-depth study of the application file. The selection process is based on different criteria: organization and teams, major works, latest publications etc. Once accepted, a certificate of membership will be awarded to the centre.

## Frailty & Sarcopenia

 **International Conference on Frailty & Sarcopenia Research (ICFSR2014), March 12-14, 2014 at the Hotel Rey Juan Carlos I, Barcelona, Spain**

Frailty is a clinical syndrome in which there is an increase in an individual's vulnerability for developing further dependency due to three or more of the following criteria: unintentional weight loss, self-reported exhaustion, weakness (grip strength), slow walking speed, and low physical activity. It is considered highly prevalent in old age and to confer high risk for falls, disability, hospitalization, and mortality. Furthermore, Sarcopenia is a geriatric syndrome characterized by the progressive loss of muscle mass and strength with a risk of adverse outcomes for the patients.

It is time for science to bring solutions to the old population that should benefit in the very near future from high level research in these fields. This conference will get together scientists from all over the world who will debate on the best ways to screen, identify, assess, treat, prevent and implement Frailty and Sarcopenia into clinical practice.

Under the auspices of the IAGG GARN Network, the event is organized in collaboration with the Institute of Ageing, Autonomous University of Barcelona, the University Hospital of Getafe, Madrid, and TUFTS University, Boston. To date the preliminary program includes 12 keynote lectures, 11 symposiums, 200 communications and 165 posters selected by the ICFSR2014 Scientific Committee.

**REGISTER NOW !!!!**

Website: <http://www.frailty-sarcopenia.com> Contact: [f.soula@celsius-net.com](mailto:f.soula@celsius-net.com) or [constance.de-seynes@univ-tlse3.fr](mailto:constance.de-seynes@univ-tlse3.fr)

### **A report on the IAGG GARN symposium on Frailty, Monday June 24th, 2013 at the Seoul World Congress on Gerontology & Geriatrics**

Over 250 delegates attended the Presidential symposium that was organized by the IAGG GARN on the theme "Prevention of Frailty in Robust Older Adults and the Prevention of Further Disabilities in Frail Older Adults". The programme included presentations from John W. Rowe (New York, USA), Alan Sinclair (Luton, UK), Bruno Vellas (Toulouse, France), Liang Kung Chen (Taipei, Taiwan), John Morley (St Louis, USA), Ian Philp (Warwick, UK).

The length of the discussions highlighted the large audience's interest on this important issue and other high level exchanges were reported during the early evening cocktail provided by the organizers. We take this opportunity to heartfully thank the invited lecturers who brought their last findings and expertise and more generally to all those who contributed to make this event such a success.

## A special article on “Frailty Consensus: A Call for Action”

**Abstract:** Frailty is a clinical state in which there is an increase in an individual’s vulnerability for developing increased dependency and/or mortality when exposed to a stressor. Frailty can occur as the result of a range of diseases and medical conditions. A consensus group consisting of delegates from 6 major international, European, and US societies created 4 major consensus points on a specific form of frailty: physical frailty.

1. Physical frailty is an important medical syndrome. The group defined physical frailty as “a medical syndrome with multiple causes and contributors that is characterized by diminished strength, endurance, and reduced physiologic function that increases an individual’s vulnerability for developing increased dependency and/or death.”
2. Physical frailty can potentially be prevented or treated with specific modalities, such as exercise, protein-calorie supplementation, vitamin D, and reduction of polypharmacy.
3. Simple, rapid screening tests have been developed and validated, such as the simple FRAIL scale, to allow physicians to objectively recognize frail persons.

**Keywords:** Frailty, physical frailty, rapid screening tests, weight loss, co-morbidities

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## An article on “Cognitive frailty: rational and definition from an (IANA/IAGG) international consensus group.”

**Abstract:** The frailty syndrome has recently attracted attention of the scientific community and public health organizations as precursor and contributor of age-related conditions (particularly disability) in older persons. In parallel, dementia and cognitive disorders also represent major healthcare and social priorities. Although physical frailty and cognitive impairment have shown to be related in epidemiological studies, their pathophysiological mechanisms have been usually studied separately. An International Consensus Group on “Cognitive Frailty” was organized by the International Academy on Nutrition and Aging (IANA) and the International Association of Gerontology and Geriatrics (IAGG) on April 16th, 2013 in Toulouse (France). The present report describes the results of the Consensus Group and provides the first definition of a “Cognitive Frailty” condition in older adults. Specific aim of this approach was to facilitate the design of future personalized preventive interventions in older persons. Finally, the Group discussed the use of multi-domain interventions focused on the physical, nutritional, cognitive and psychological domains for improving the well-being and quality of life in the elderly. The consensus panel proposed the identification of the so-called “cognitive frailty” as a heterogeneous clinical manifestation characterized by the simultaneous presence of both physical frailty and cognitive impairment. In particular, the key factors defining such a condition include: 1) presence of physical frailty and cognitive impairment (CDR=0.5); and 2) exclusion of concurrent AD dementia or other dementias. Under different circumstances, cognitive frailty may represent a precursor of neurodegenerative processes. A potential for reversibility may also characterize this entity. A psychological component of the condition is evident and concurs at increasing the vulnerability of the individual to stressors.

**Keywords:** Frailty, cognition, cognitive frailty, neurodegenerative disease, aging, elderly, disability, clinical markers, biological markers, neuroimaging, prevention

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## Nursing Homes

### **A report on the International Research Conference on Nursing Homes, November 22-23, 2013 at Saint Louis, Missouri, USA**

Despite the increase of both the aging population and the number of institutionalized older people, clinical research in nursing home is still scarce. Research is however essential to improve the quality of care in nursing home. The improvement of the quality of care in nursing home will rely on the future evidences from researches performed in these settings, their feasibility in real life condition and the successful dissemination of these new clinical evidences. Supported by the IAGG GARN Network, the Conference offered an opportunity for the 75 participants to learn and share ideas, and promote current knowledge among researchers, in the field of nursing home care. Thank you to those who addressed lectures, chaired symposiums, and presented oral and poster communications. It was generally admitted that these high-level contributions made the event a success with many opportunities for speakers and audience to develop intensive exchanges.

### **Publication of “The Principles and Clinical Practice of Nursing Home Care”**

Nursing Home Care is a practical textbook designed to serve as a rich evidence-based resource to provide physicians and other practitioners with the information and knowledge to advance nursing home care. It states and explains the principles underpinning safe, personalized, and dignified nursing home practice using an integrated, cooperative approach. In addition, it provides the medical knowledge necessary to give quality care to nursing home residents. Nursing Home Care reflects the International Association for Geriatrics and Gerontology's conviction that nursing home practice is an interdisciplinary endeavor that requires a sound theoretical, scientific, and values base in addition to clinical expertise. Mindful of the influences of different culture and context, the premise of this text is that there is a shared and common knowledge base to guide nursing home practice and approaches to caring that are universal.

Online supplemental material, including 1 000 Powerpoint slides available to faculty, plus Q&A available from the IAGG \* Over 150 multiple choice questions \* Key points for each chapter \* An essential study guide for the IAGG certificate in nursing home care.

Authors: John Morley, Debbie Tolson, Joseph Ouslander, Bruno Vellas,  
Publisher: McGraw-Hill Professional Publishing, ISBN: 0071807659 / 9780071807654  
Date of publication: July 19, 2013, Website: <http://www.iaggnursinghomecare.com>

## Alzheimer's Disease

### **A Task Force on Alzheimer's Disease**

In view of his expertise, the IAGG GARN Network requested Dr Howard Fillit to conduct a Task Force dedicated to “Implementing Alzheimer's Disease Prevention into Clinical Practice”. Howard Fillit, MD, is Executive Director and Chief Science Officer of Alzheimer's Drug Discovery Foundation in the United States. The ADDF's mission is to rapidly accelerate the discovery of drugs to prevent, treat and cure Alzheimer's disease.

The target of the Task Force is to publish related recommendations for general distribution, particularly to the 45,000 members of the International Association of Gerontology and Geriatrics (IAGG) worldwide. To this effect, ADDF convened a meeting in April 2013 in its New York offices and brought together 20 panelists to make the first recommendations.

Alzheimer's Drug Discovery Foundation: <http://www.alzdiscovery.org>

## **A survey on Alzheimer's Disease Off-Label Patient Treatment (ADOPT)**

The Alzheimer's Drug Discovery Foundation, the Cleveland Clinic Lou Ruvo Center for Brain Health, and the Cottage Center for Brain Fitness are conducting a short confidential survey. IAGG GARN members are invited to respond to this initiative. The information collected will help understand the role of off-label prescribing in Alzheimer's disease care.

The purpose of the survey is to understand personalized prescribing for purposes of disease-modification or cognitive enhancement among physicians who take care of Alzheimer's disease patients. This survey pertains to drugs prescribed to improve cognition or for disease modification in patients with Alzheimer's disease. Only drugs that require a prescription are of interest to the survey organizers; the survey does not apply to supplements, nutraceuticals, or dietary interventions. The survey does not apply to drugs being used off-label to treat behavioral problems. **If you do not use off-label approaches, you will only be prompted to fill out the first 5 questions; if you do any off-label prescribing, please complete the entire survey. All responses are collected anonymously.**

Please follow this link to access the survey: <https://www.surveymonkey.com/s/3X5HXJL>

## **A report on the Clinical Trials for Alzheimer's disease (CTAD2013) conference, November 14-16, 2013, San Diego, USA**

Alzheimer's disease is one of the most important health challenges facing aging populations worldwide. The development of the next generation of Alzheimer's disease drugs is becoming essential to face up to this challenge. New pathways have been identified with biomarkers, facilitating novel trial designs for studies of tau-based therapies and other disease-modifying drugs including immunotherapy.

However, methodological challenges continue to slow the development of specific new drug candidates. One of the objectives of the conference was to identify these hurdles and find ways to address them by bringing together world leaders in AD drug development to discuss solutions to the difficulties that have slowed the pace of progress, with a particular focus on clinical trial methodology.

The 6th annual conference presented experiences from international teams covering every stage of clinical trials in AD. From animal models to human trials, CTAD2013 provided an opportunity to learn about the latest results in drug trials as well as important topics such as internet screening of cognition to recruit for clinical trials, designing drug trials taking into account neuropsychiatric symptoms of AD, Down syndrome and AD as well as ethical issues and methodological considerations.

The meeting's target audience included neurologists, psychiatrists and other clinicians and scientists involved in geriatric care, research, imaging and drug development for patients with Alzheimer's disease and other neurodegenerative disorders. Other healthcare professionals who benefited from this activity were clinical research coordinators, nurses, speech therapists and other AD and dementia occupational therapists, psychologists and neuropsychologists.

This was a unique opportunity to learn about the latest results regarding new therapies in development, advances in fundamental research, biomarker validation, PET imaging and cognitive assessments. The next CTAD2014 edition will take place in November 20-22, 2014 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA. Mark this date on your agendas.

Website: <http://www.ctad-alzheimer.com/>

## Nutrition

### **International Academy on Nutrition and Aging (IANA2014), July 10-11, 2014, University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, USA**

Nutrition plays an important role in sarcopenia, obesity, sarcopenic-obesity, and maintaining physical and cognitive function during aging. On July 10 - 11, 2014, the 9<sup>th</sup> IANA (International Academy on Nutrition and Aging) will be hosted in Albuquerque, New Mexico, USA. The meeting will cover topics ranging from basic science cellular responses, to body systems, and population-based nutritional research. Other important topics will include: Obesity and aging, Nutrition and MNA, Nutrition age related disease. Also, a large part of the symposium will focus this year on Nutrition and Alzheimer. All topics have an overarching theme of preventing frailty and loss of function with advancing age. This research and practice symposium will be organized with the IAGG (the International Association of Gerontology and Geriatrics), the IANA, and the University of New Mexico, School of Medicine. Researchers from around the world will present new findings on these important topics.

Contact: [KBreckenridge@salud.unm.edu](mailto:KBreckenridge@salud.unm.edu) Website: <http://som.unm.edu/cme/2014/IANA.html>

### **A report on the Postgraduate Course on Aging, November 15-16, 2013, Athens, Greece**

A Master Class on Aging was held on November 15-16, 2013 at the Amalia Hotel in Athens, Greece. Initially programmed in Cyprus, the organizers decided to transplant the meeting on the Greek continent, due to recent local events. This edition treated the "Specific Nutritional Problems in the Elderly". Four specialists accepted to provide high level insights on this important issue that impacts the state of health of our aged population. Topics were addressed to the 35 delegates in a combination of lectures, tutorials and case studies. There were many opportunities for interactive group work and sharing of ideas during the classes. Lectures were addressed by Athanase Benetos (Nancy, France), Francesco Fantin (Verona, Italy), Irene Tzanetakou (Athens, Greece), Christina-Anastasia Rapidi (Athens, Greece).

Many thanks to all those involved in this important milestone for the Greek medical community.

### **The PROT-AGE Study Group**

With the goal of developing updated, evidence-based recommendations for optimal protein intake by older people, the European Union Geriatric Medicine Society (EUGMS) and the European Society for Clinical Nutrition and Metabolism (ESPEN), in cooperation with other scientific organizations, appointed an International Study Group led by Jürgen Bauer (Oldenburg, Germany) and Yves Boirie (Clermont-Ferrand, France) and including 11 other members, to review Dietary Protein Needs with Aging (PROT-AGE Study Group). PROT-AGE experts came from a wide range of clinical and research specialties, such as geriatric medicine, internal medicine, endocrinology, nutrition, exercise physiology, gastroenterology, and renal medicine. This PROT-AGE Study Group reviewed evidence in five areas:

1. Protein needs for older people in good health;
2. Protein needs for older people with specific acute or chronic diseases;
3. Role of exercise along with dietary protein for recovering and maintaining muscle strength and function in older people;
4. Practical aspects of providing dietary protein, i.e., source and quality of dietary proteins, timing of protein intake, and intake of protein-sparing energy;
5. Use of functional outcomes to assess the impact of age- and disease-related muscle loss and the effects of interventions.

The PROT-AGE Study Group represented the European Union Geriatric Medicine Society (EUGMS), the European Society for Clinical Nutrition and Metabolism (ESPEN), the International Association of Gerontology and Geriatrics (IAGG), the International Academy on Nutrition and Aging (IANA), and the Australian and New Zealand Society for Geriatric Medicine (ANZSGM).

# Diabetes

## The Global Initiative in Diabetes for Older People (GIDOP)

Diabetes is an increasing problem among the elderly around the world and accounts for about 10 per cent of those older than 65 years in the UK, with a higher percentage observed in those from South Asian and Caribbean backgrounds. In some parts of northern Europe, diabetes can account for nearly a third of men aged 70 years and over. In the UK alone, about 4 % of the population have diabetes.

So, on behalf of the IAGG GARN, Professor Alan SINCLAIR, Director of the Institute of Diabetes for Older People, leads a global initiative aimed at improving the care of older patients with diabetes. Professor Leo RODRIGUEZ-MANAS of Madrid, Spain was appointed Scientific Coordinator for this work. A group of international experts in the field was set up to create a programme of clinical development, audit projects and educational packages. The aim is to improve the skills of those involved in the care of older diabetes patients.

During IAGG's World Congress in June 2013 in Seoul, Prof SINCLAIR presented a comprehensive educational and training package for healthcare professionals involved in diabetes care of older people. It includes an educational DVD that treats key aspects relating to diabetes in old age, advice on treatment, and information about assessment procedures. A series of focused case histories will also feature as well as lectures contributed by the Working Group presented as PowerPoint presentations. All these resources will soon be available on both the IAGG GARN and IDOP websites.

Institute of Diabetes for Older People: <http://instituteofdiabetes.org/global-initiative-in-diabetes-for-older-people>

## An IAGG/EDWPOP Expert position statement on Diabetes in Older People

Diabetes mellitus in older people: position statement on behalf of the International Association of Gerontology and Geriatrics (IAGG), the European Diabetes Working Party for Older People (EDWPOP), and the International Task Force of Experts in Diabetes.

**Abstract:** Diabetes mellitus is a highly prevalent metabolic condition in ageing societies associated with high levels of morbidity, multiple therapies, and functional deterioration that challenges even the best of health care systems to deliver high-quality, individualized care. Most international clinical guidelines have ignored the often-unique issues of frailty, functional limitation, changes in mental health, and increasing dependency that characterize many aged patients with diabetes. A collaborative Expert Group of the IAGG and EDWPOP and an International Task Force have explored the key issues that affect diabetes in older people using a robust method comprising a Delphi process and an evidence-based review of the literature. Eight domains of interest were initially agreed and discussed: hypoglycemia, therapy, care home diabetes, influence of comorbidities, glucose targets, family/carer perspectives, diabetes education, and patient safety. A set of "consensus" statements was produced in each domain of interest. These form a foundation for future policy development in this area and should influence the clinical behavior and approach of all health professionals engaged in delivering diabetes care to older people.

**Keywords:** Diabetes mellitus, elderly, older people, position statement, consensus, recommendations

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## Funding opportunities

### EUROPE

HORIZON 2020 is the biggest EU Research and Innovation program ever with nearly €80 billion of funding available over the next 7 years (2014 to 2020). An emphasis will be made on excellent science, industrial leadership and tackling societal challenges. The goal is to ensure Europe produces world-class science, removes barriers to innovation and makes it easier for the public and private sectors to work together in delivering innovation.

All together seven different Societal Challenges have been identified by the EU that will provide a €1.2 billion investment. The first Challenge concerns “Health, Demographic Change and Wellbeing” (SC1) and will include for the years 2014-2015:

- 34 projects in the “Personalising Health and Care - PHC” focus area call (15 in 2014 only, 17 in 2015 only and 2 which are open in both years)
- 16 projects in the “Coordination Activities - HCO” call (11 in 2014 and 5 in 2015)
- 8 other actions designed to support the implementation of the challenge are also included and are not subject to competitive calls for proposals.

We highlight below, for your information, some of the PHCs related to ageing issues and scheduled for:

### 2014

*PHC-19-2014: “Advancing active and healthy ageing with ICT: service robotics within assisted living environments” \**

*PHC-20-2014: “Advancing active and healthy ageing with ICT: ICT solutions for independent living with cognitive impairment” \**

*PHC-26-2014: “Self-management of health and disease: citizen engagement and health” \**

*PHC-01-2014: “Understanding health, ageing and disease: determinants, risk factors and pathways” \*\**

*PHC-17-2014: “Comparing the effectiveness of existing healthcare interventions in the elderly” \*\**

\* A single stage call with a deadline on 15 April 2014, 17:00hrs (Bruxelles)

\*\*A two stage call with a deadline of 1st stage on 11 March 2014, 17:00hrs (Bruxelles)  
of 2nd stage on 19 August 2014, 17:00hrs (Bruxelles)

### 2015

*PHC-21-2015: “Advancing active and healthy ageing with ICT: Early risk detection and intervention” \**

*PHC-22-2015: “Promoting mental wellbeing in the ageing population” \*\**

\* A single stage call with a deadline on 21 April 2015, 17:00hrs (Bruxelles)

\*\*A two stage call with a deadline of 1st stage on 14 October 2014, 17:00hrs (Bruxelles)  
of 2nd stage on 24 February 2015, 17:00hrs (Bruxelles)

You can visit the portal <http://ec.europa.eu/programmes/horizon2020/en/h2020-section/health-demographic-change-and-wellbeing> and read details on other PHCs. On this portal you can also upload the Work Programme for 2014/2015, find participation rules and general information on the access conditions to other European funding sources in the field of research and innovation.

Website: <http://ec.europa.eu/programmes/horizon2020/en>

## Assessment tools

### A physical performance assessment

The Short Physical Performance Battery (SPPB) is a method for assessing physical performance of older patients. It was developed by the National Institute on Aging (USA) and is available for use without permission or royalty fees. The site will allow you to download the contents of a training CD that includes comprehensive instructions on the administration of the battery, safety tips, a scoring sheet and background information on publications that support the methodology. Take time to visit the NIH website at <http://www.grc.nia.nih.gov/branches/leps/sppb>

## Prevention

### Physical activity guidelines for older adults

Older adults who participate in any amount of physical activity gain some health benefits, including maintenance of good physical and cognitive function. United Kingdom's National Health Service (NHS) UK, promotes the need for physical exercise through their website. You are invited to download a factsheet on "Physical activity guidelines for older adults" at <http://www.nhs.uk/Livewell/fitness/Pages/physical-activity-guidelines-for-older-adults.aspx>

### Physical activity guidelines

Regular physical activity is one of the most important things that can be done by older adults to prevent health problems that can come with age. The American Centers for Disease Control and Prevention informs on how much physical activity do older adults need? You can follow the guidelines lists and/or watch the videos at <http://www.grc.nia.nih.gov/branches/leps/sppb>

### A helpline for older persons

Launched on November 25, 2013 in the United Kingdom, the "Silver Line" is a confidential, free helpline for older people, open every day and night of the year. By dialing 0800 470 80 90, the specially trained helpline staff can:

- Offer information, friendship and advice
- Link callers to local groups and services
- Offer regular befriending calls
- Protect and support those who are suffering abuse and neglect

More information on the dedicated website: <http://www.thesilverline.org.uk>

## International Job Opportunities

**France** The Toulouse Gérontopôle is a major internationally-recognized institution of clinical research on aging. Its research activities are specifically focused on the prevention of age-related conditions and disability, Alzheimer's disease and on the improvement of healthcare for older persons. The Gérontopôle is currently recruiting post-docs to be involved in ongoing research programs. Various positions according to the candidate's experience are available. We are especially interested in applicants showing the premises for future independent research positions. PhD students at the last year of their course are also welcome in Southern France.

Contact: Prof Fati NOURHASHEMI ([nourhashemi.f@chu-toulouse.fr](mailto:nourhashemi.f@chu-toulouse.fr)) for more information

## The Journal of Aging Research and Clinical Practice

The Journal of Aging Research and Clinical Practice (JARCP) is a new initiative of the IAGG (International Association of Gerontology and Geriatrics), and of the GARN (IAGG's Global Aging Research Network), dedicated to latest findings and clinical experiences in the fields of aging, gerontology and geriatrics.

The aims of the new journal is to connect more closely research on aging and clinical practice in several fields including Alzheimer's disease, memory and physical decline, sarcopenia, nutrition, and other age-related diseases or syndromes. Our aging population is growing fast, mostly in new emerging countries from Asia, South America and Africa. In the next few decades, these regions will need to benefit from all that has already been accomplished during the last century in Northern America and Western Europe.

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Subscription contact: [f.soula@celsius-net.com](mailto:f.soula@celsius-net.com)

Website: <http://www.jarcp.com>

## Overview of events of potential interest to IAGG GARN members

- 12-14 March 2014:** ICFSR2014 - 3<sup>rd</sup> International Conference on Frailty & Sarcopenia Research, Barcelona, Spain  
[www.frailty-sarcopenia.com](http://www.frailty-sarcopenia.com)
- 26-29 March 2014:** IAGG's 5<sup>th</sup> PANAMERICAN Congress, Cartagena de Indias, Colombia  
[www.acgg.org.co/congreso/index.html](http://www.acgg.org.co/congreso/index.html)
- 26-29 March 2014:** 13<sup>th</sup> International Geneva/Springfield Symposium on Advances in Alzheimer Therapy, Geneva, Switzerland  
[www.ad-springfield.com](http://www.ad-springfield.com)
- 03-04 April 2014:** 2<sup>nd</sup> congress of French-speaking countries on "Frailty and Prevention of Dependency of the older subject", Marseille, France  
[www.fragilite.org](http://www.fragilite.org)
- 01-04 May 2014:** ADI2014 - 29<sup>th</sup> International Conference of Alzheimer's Disease International, San Juan, Puerto Rico  
[www.adi2014.org](http://www.adi2014.org)
- 16-19 May 2014:** CIFGG2014 - 10<sup>th</sup> Congress of Gerontology and Geriatrics of French-speaking countries, Liège, Belgium  
[www.cifgg2014.com](http://www.cifgg2014.com)
- 28-31 May 2014:** IAGG EUROPE's 4<sup>th</sup> Clinical Medicine Section congress, Antalya, Turkey  
[www.iaggantalya2014.org](http://www.iaggantalya2014.org)
- 06-08 June 2014:** APGC2014 - Asia Pacific Geriatric Conference, Taipei, Taiwan  
[www.apgc2014taipei.org](http://www.apgc2014taipei.org)
- 18-21 June 2014:** ISG2014 - 9<sup>th</sup> World Conference of Gerontechnology, Taipei, Taiwan  
[www.isg2014.org](http://www.isg2014.org)
- 19-20 June 2014:** Aging and Sleep 2014 International Congress, Lyon, France  
[www.aging-sleep.com](http://www.aging-sleep.com)
- 23-25 June 2014:** IAGG's 5th Master Class on Ageing, Seoul, Korea
- 10-11 July 2014:** IANA2014 - International Academy on Nutrition and Aging, Albuquerque, USA  
[som.unm.edu/cme/2014/IANA.html](http://som.unm.edu/cme/2014/IANA.html)
- 12-17 July 2014:** AAIC2014 - Alzheimer's Association International Conference, Copenhagen, Denmark  
[www.alz.org/aaic](http://www.alz.org/aaic)
- 17-19 September 2014:** EUGMS2014 - 10<sup>th</sup> Congress of the European Union Geriatric Medicine Society, Rotterdam, Netherlands  
[www.eugms2014.org](http://www.eugms2014.org)
- 22-23 September 2014:** 2nd European Congress of Cognitive Stimulation, Toulouse, France  
<http://www.censtimco-toulouse.com>
- 20-22 October 2014:** 24<sup>th</sup> Alzheimer Europe Conference on "Dignity and autonomy in dementia", Glasgow, UK  
[www.alzheimer-europe.org/Conferences](http://www.alzheimer-europe.org/Conferences)
- 5-9 November 2014:** GSA2014 - 67<sup>th</sup> annual meeting of the Gerontological Society of America, Washington, USA  
[www.geron.org/annual-meeting](http://www.geron.org/annual-meeting)
- 20-24 November 2014:** CTAD2014 - 7<sup>th</sup> conference on Clinical Trials for Alzheimer's Disease, Philadelphia, USA  
[www.ctad.fr/13-ctad2014/ctad2014.asp](http://www.ctad.fr/13-ctad2014/ctad2014.asp)
- 11-13 March 2015:** ICFSR2015 - 4<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Frailty & Sarcopenia Research, Boston, USA  
[www.icfsr.com](http://www.icfsr.com)
- 18-22 March 2015:** ADPD2015 - 12th International Conference on Alzheimer's and Parkinson's Diseases, Nice, France  
<http://www2.kenes.com/adpd/Pages/Home.aspx>
- 25-28 March 2015:** IAGG's 7<sup>th</sup> COMLAT Regional Congress, Belém do Para, Brazil.
- 23-26 April 2015:** IAGG's 8th EUROPEAN Congress, Dublin, Ireland  
[www.iaggdublin2015.org](http://www.iaggdublin2015.org)
- 19-22 October 2015:** IAGG's 10<sup>th</sup> ASIA/OCEANIA Regional Congress, Bangkok, Thailand  
[www.iagg2015bangkok.org](http://www.iagg2015bangkok.org)

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